Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research University of Biskra Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Electrical Engineering





Charge/discharge and control of battery with bi-directional DC/DC converter

1 Manipulation 1

Create the diagram in **Figure1** on a Simulink file:

Setting the Powergui Solver:

Simulation type "discrete (simple Time (s)= $5e^{-6}$)";

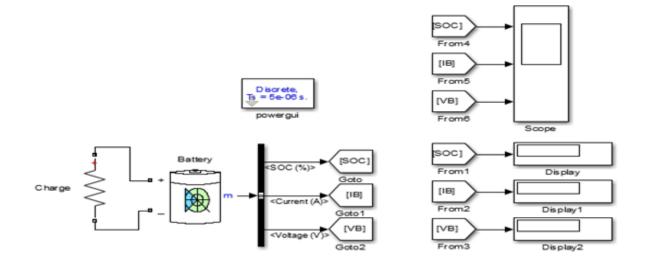


Figure 1: Discharge Battery phase.

Table 1: Battery parameters.

Battery parameters							
Nominal voltage	Rated capacity	Initial state-of-charge	Battery response time				
24(V)	10(Ah)	50(%)	$1e^{-4}(s)$				

Dr. A SAADI

1.1 Discharge phase

We connect a resistor between the battery terminals of 12(Ohms) then 2.4(Ohms).

- **※** Explain how the assembly works?
- * Plot and explain the battery characteristics?
- * Compare and conclude the two cases of different resistances?

1.2 Recharging phase

Replace the resistor with a voltage generator with a value of $=27\mathrm{V}$ ' DC Voltage Source '.

- Answers the same questions as in (Discharge phase).
- In real mode reduces voltage from (27V to 26.5V and 26 V), with simulation $\approx = inf$, notice and explain how the assembly works.

2 Manipulation 2

Create the diagram shown in figure-1 on a Simulink file:

	RL		RC		Pulsation	
Vdc	R	L	R	С	periode	ratio
48V	0.1 (Ohms)	$1 e^{-3} H$	0.001 (Ohms)	$1000 e^{-6} \text{ F}$	$1 e^{-4} \text{ Hz}$	60 %

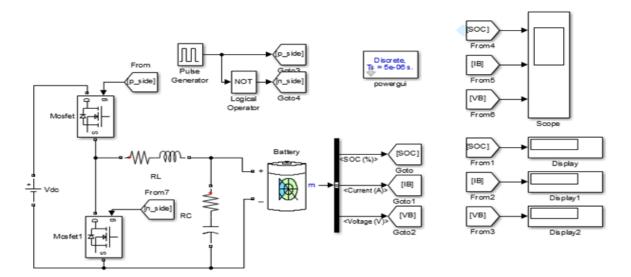


Figure 2: Control of battery with bi-directional DC/DC converter.

2.1 Questions

- ① What is the goal of the this manipulation?
- ② What is the role of DC/DC converters?
- 3 Visualize and interpret the curves?
- **4** Why is the battery current negative?
- **5** Give your conclusion?

3 Manipulation 3

Realize and visualize all curves. (Simulation time 280000 s).

3.1 Questions

- **1** What is the role of battery 1 and battery 2?
- **2** Explain how this block works?
- **3** What the oscilloscope shows you?
- **4** Interpret and conclude the results

```
function [LoadOn, ChargingOn]=fcn(SOC)
LoadOn=1;
ChargingOn=0;
if (SOC)>=95
LoadOn=1;
ChargingOn=0;
end
if (SOC)<90
LoadOn=0;
ChargingOn=1;
end
```

Figure 3: Matlab function program

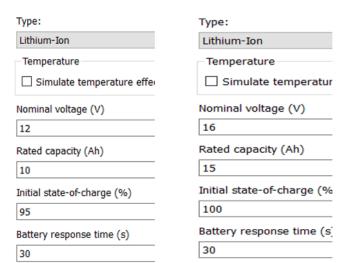


Figure 4: Battery data

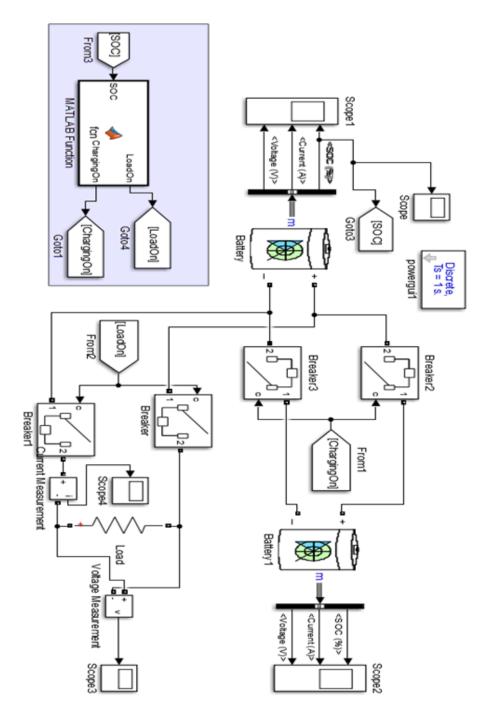


Figure 5: Charging and discharging batteries